

Lesson 2

The Moon



Oh! Look at the Moon!
She is shining up there;
Oh! Mother, she looks
Like a lamp in the air.

Last week, she was smaller
And shaped like a bow;
But now, she's grown bigger,
And is round like an O!



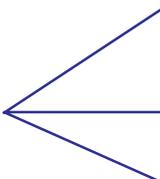
EXERCISES

Listen and Repeat

moon	air	look	round	low
boon	hair	book	sound	sow
noon	fair	hook	bound	row
soon	pair	took	pound	bow

Word Power

Complete these sentences:

The moon looks  like a
like a
like an

Comprehension

Write 'T' for true and 'F' for false statements.

- Ex. The moon changes its shape every night. T
1. The stars do not shine at night.
2. The moon sometimes looks like a bow.
3. The moon looks like a lamp in the air.
4. The moon is always round like an 'O'.

Let's Learn

Names of holy books

the Gita

the Bible

the Ramayana

the Quran

the Guru Granth Saheb

Names of rivers

the Ganga

the Yamuna

the Narmada

the Kaveri

Names of mountain ranges

the Himalayas

the Vindhyachal

the Satpura

Names of historical buildings

the Taj Mahal

the Qutub Minar

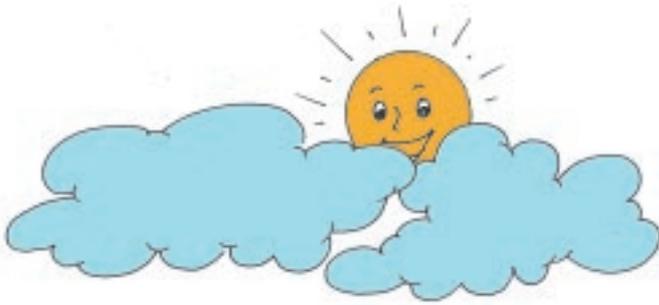
the Sanchi Stupa

the Red Fort

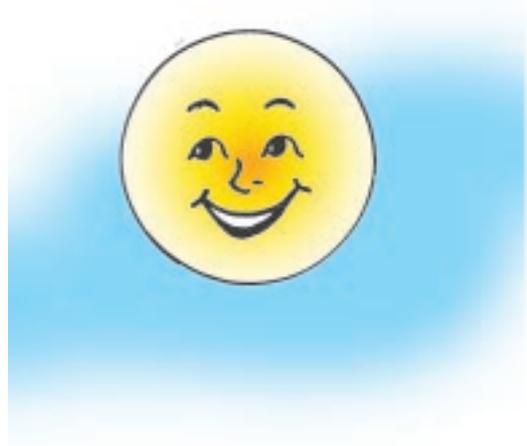
 We use 'the' before names of things which are just one in the world as well as one in the context.

संसार में अपने तरह की एकमात्र एवं दिए गए संदर्भ में एकमात्र वस्तु के नाम के पूर्व 'the' का प्रयोग होता है।

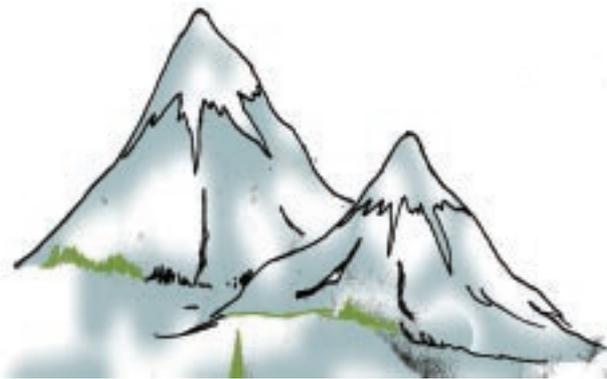
a) Look at the pictures and read the words.



The sun



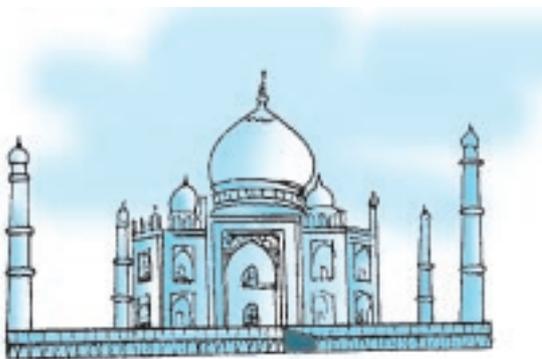
The moon



The Himalayas



The Ganga



The Taj Mahal



The Qutub Minar

b) Fill in the blanks using 'a', 'an' or 'the'.

1. Taj Mahal is made of white marble.
2. moon looks like lamp in the air.
3. Sun is shining insky.
4. elephant is big animal.
5. full moon looks like 'O'.
6. earth is round like orange.

c) Learn these:

Positive degree	Comparative degree	Superlative degree
small	smaller	smallest
big	bigger	biggest
tall	taller	tallest
long	longer	longest
high	higher	highest

 शिक्षक अभ्यास (c) में विशेषणों के तुलनात्मक रूप बच्चों को उदाहरण देकर समझाएँ।